

THE ROACH CASE

Was Considered and Discussed by the Senate.

MR. HOAR STILL MAKES THREATS, But the Chances Are Against His Pushing Them in Open Senate.

THE DAY WITH THE GEORGIA BOYS.

None Are Among Those Chosen, but a Number Are Very Anxious to Be.

News and Gossip of Washington.

Washington, April 11.—(Special).—The senate wrangled for two hours in executive session today over the Roach case. Senator Hoar insisted that he would call up his resolution in open session to investigate the past life of the North Dakota democratic senator, who is charged with having been a defaulter. The democrats insist that the charges against him were for an act committed before elected to the senate and with which the senate has nothing to do. Senator Gorman made a vigorous speech, in which he stated that if Roach was to be investigated the democrats would insist upon investigating all other senators who had been charged with any offense at any time and especially some who had been criticized recently by the press—meaning Senators Quay, Power and other republicans.

Senator Hoar said such threats would not prevent his pushing his resolution and intimated that he intended to prevent the senate from adjourning until his Roach resolution should come up in open session. The discussion lasted two hours and was decidedly heated, but no agreement was reached. The senate committee on elections will take up the resolution tomorrow, but it is not probable that they will act.

Whether Senator Hoar will carry out his threat and call it up in open session is not known. There would be a pretty mess if counter resolutions were introduced and the dirty linen of the senate should be washed before the public. It would be a very unbecoming thing to do. The senate committee on elections will take up the resolution tomorrow, but it is not probable that they will act.

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of Philadelphia; William Maize, of Ohio, surveyor of customs for the port of Columbus.

Georgia Postmasters Appointed.

Georgia postmasters appointed today—Charles T. Tamm, of Georgia; H. H. Covart, of Georgia; Washington county, D. E. News.

YESTERDAY'S NOMINATIONS.

Mr. Daniel Morgan, of Connecticut, appointed Treasurer of the United States. Washington, April 11.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: State—Edward H. Strobel, of New York, to be third assistant secretary of the state, vice William Grinnell, resigned; D. C. to be assistant commissioner of Indian affairs.

Justice—Henry V. Johnson, of Colorado, to be attorney general, vice William Grinnell, resigned; D. C. to be assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. Interior—Daniel M. Morgan, of Connecticut, to be treasurer of the United States, vice Enos Noble, resigned; Conrad N. Jordan, of New York, to be assistant treasurer at New York, vice Ellis H. Roberts, resigned.

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THEY BAGGED HIM.

Pardridge, the Chicago Plunger, Worried by the Cudahys,

WHO GOT WHEAT INTO A CORNER, And Caused Pardridge to Lose Nearly a Million Dollars.

EXCITEMENT ON THE EXCHANGE FLOOR.

How the Plunger Was Called on for Margins, and How He Raised the Money.

But He Was Battered.

Chicago, April 11.—The bull clique in the wheat market was after big game, and they bagged some of it. The famous plunger, Edward Pardridge, seemed to be the person aimed at, and he was crowded unmercifully. Pardridge was found too slow to respond to the call for margins, which brokers shovelled upon him, and forthwith the brokers bought in a large part of Pardridge's wheat. The wheat was generally sold at a profit, but the brokers were buying the big plunger's wheat. Meanwhile Pardridge was not idle.

John Cudahy is the ostensible head of the bull clique, and Pardridge sent an ambassador to him to his office, suing for terms. He was accorded a settlement in from two to three million of May wheat, it is said, at 87 cents per bushel, which settlement, it is thought makes Pardridge a poorer man by about \$750,000 than he was before.

The excitement, though intense was not what usually attends a big jump of 4 cents per bushel in the market. Nobody had any wheat for sale except the plunger. The wheat was generally sold at a profit, but the brokers were buying the big plunger's wheat. Meanwhile Pardridge was not idle.

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SPRUNG A MINE.

Terminal Surprised the Central and the Court at Savannah.

MR. COMER'S DISMISSAL ASKED FOR.

Wily Henry Crawford Makes Reckless Charges.

HE ATTACKS JUDGE EMORY SPEER.

Says That the Property Has Been Illegally Managed—The Receiver Has Gone to Mason on a Hurried Trip.

Savannah, Ga., April 11.—(Special).—The action of the Richmond Terminal officials fell like a bomb in the United States court this morning, without any warning whatever, Henry Crawford, attorney for the Richmond Terminal, addressed the court and stated that he had filed two motions today. One asked that Receiver Comer, of the Central system, be discharged and the other that the receiver be appointed on behalf of the Central by Captain Cunningham, who said that the interests of the Central and the Savannah and Western were mutual and affidavits were produced showing that there was no competition except in conjunction with the same roads.

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over the assets to the creditors, if they would release him, so he could reorganize the business. Another proposition was suggested by some of the largest creditors, in substance to turn over the assets of the firm to Mr. Dobbins and let him realize all possible for the creditors. It was agreed that this proposition should be formally drawn up and presented to each creditor for consideration, with a statement of the condition of the assets and liabilities as soon as an accurate one can be made.

RAPID TRANSIT IN NEW YORK.

The Commission Considers the Underground Railroad Plan.

New York, April 11.—A meeting of the rapid transit commission was held this afternoon at the home of William Steinway. The session was understood to be chiefly for the purpose of hearing John M. Bowers's opinion on the legality of the scheme for the building of the underground rail, proposed by R. T. Wilson & Co., the bankers. On Saturday last they proposed to raise \$15,000,000 of private capital and have the city lend its credit for \$35,000,000 additional capital, and then build the road at their estimated cost of \$50,000,000.

Commissioners Steinway, Spencer, Bushe, Starr and Inman, Mr. Wilson and his sons, Mr. Bowers and Beaman, were present when the meeting was called to order. Mr. Bowers presented his report. The city, he thought, could lend its credit to carry on the construction of the road. He cited a case of the Brooklyn bridge. The city, however, could not interest itself in any corporation.

Mr. Wilson's first proposition was not complete, he said, in several important particulars. It meant a distinct loan by the city and would be a violation of the law. The proposition that Mr. Wilson build from the battery to Fourteenth street and the city the remainder of the line was next examined.

Mr. Bowers said he thought it would not be lawful to build from Fourteenth street north, but Mr. Wilson's conditions that it must be sold on certain terms, which would be thought, he thought, by the court as a mere evasion of the law. He is satisfied that the plans proposed are not feasible, basing his opinion on two verdicts in test cases already made in the state.

Mr. Wilson's plans were withdrawn.

HOW IT IS ARRANGED.

To Run the National Union, New York's Latest Bank.

New York, April 11.—The new National Union bank comes in for a good share of comment in banking circles. J. C. Hendrix, its president, will have a salary of \$25,000 a year, it is reported. Another feature of the bank is that it will employ a Mutual Life Insurance Company, not only will make it a depository for its own assets, but has ordered the agencies in other cities to select a local bank, which employs the National Union, as a New York correspondent. This plan, it is expected, will bring at once about \$6,000,000 into the hands of the new concern.

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A HOLE OF DEATH.

Another One of Those Horrible Explosions,

CAUSING GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

Hundreds of Men Entombed in a Welch Mine.

SCENES AT THE MOUTH OF THE PIT,

Where Women Are Weeping for Their Loved Ones—The Work of Rescue Impeded by Foul Air.

London, April 11.—A spark from an engine ignited a gas coal pit near Pontyfridd, Wales, and caused the gas to explode. A large number of miners were at work at the time, and the explosion caused terrible havoc. Three hundred miners are entombed in the mine. The engine house is in flames and there is the greatest fear that hundreds may have perished. The rescuers who went down were driven back without being able to bring more than five of the dead and the fate of the other miners is in doubt. The most agonizing scenes are witnessed and throngs of men, women and children—relatives of those below—are crowded about the mouth of the coal pit.

The Worst Is Feared.

Later advice from Pontyfridd did not lighten the calamity, and the worst fate is feared for hundreds of miners. The pit is worked in sections, one being above another. The fire resulting from the explosion broke out in the eastern section. From this section, seventy men succeeded in reaching the surface through the main dip, working a lead by a miner who knew the roads. They had a terrible struggle to get out, fighting their way through fire and smoke. Many of them were scorched and all were terribly exhausted when they emerged to safety. They brought no good news as to those who were left behind, but on the contrary expressed their dread that all those in the mine perished.

At 9:45 o'clock this evening, it was still impossible to obtain more than meagre details of the accident in the coal mine. The first alarm was given at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The sparks from an engine in the four-foot seam is supposed to have lighted a pile of waste coals and the flames spread to the woodwork and finally ignited the inflammable gas in the seam. All the men ran toward the landing. Many were overtaken by the flames and others were left to their fate by their comrades in advance of them.

Comparatively few of the men who were in the seam at the time of the explosion reached the landing.

The Work of Rescue.

At the entrance of the shaft, a rescuing party was formed by the pit surveyor. The party got as far as the landing at the seam where the fire started but were driven back almost immediately by the dense smoke issuing from the seam. The surveyor led his men back to the surface. After a half hour's rest they went down again and forced their way ten yards into the workings. They found four dead bodies, and the rescuers brought back with them. Attempts to go further into the workings were vain, as the woodwork was burning and large masses of rubbish were falling incessantly from the roof. One of the rescuing party who ventured too far was killed.

The men who saved themselves immediately after the fire broke out, were too exhausted to go further and the position of their fellow workmen. They are unable to give any clear account of the distribution of the miners, and the work of rescue must therefore proceed under all the difficulties of uncertainty. Not only are scores of miners' families at the mouth of the pit, but also the miners who were saved and are waiting their shifts.

All Supposed to Be Dead.

There are numerous volunteers to undertake the work of rescue as soon as it becomes possible. At present the flames and smoke would render any such undertaking vain, if not fatal to the party making the descent. There is no doubt, however, that most, if not all, of the men left below have been suffocated or burned to death.

Had grenades, barrels of water and pipes attached to fire engines on the surface are being used to extinguish the flames in the mine. In two sections of the mine the fire has been put out. The extinction of the flames has been followed in each case, however, by the accumulation of gas, and it is feared that explosions may follow shortly.

Another attempt to enter the seam on which the fire started has proved fruitless. Although the rescuing party saw six dead bodies they were prevented by smoke and heat from reaching them. Where the fire had been extinguished they were also unable to make any progress, as they could not remain in the foul atmosphere. The number of men still in the mine has not been ascertained, although it is known to be well above fifty. There is a little hope that some of them found refuge at such a distance from the burning section that they are still alive.

FOUR CHARRIED BODIES

Found in the Ashes of a Cabin—Foul Play Suspected.

Greenville, S. C., April 11.—News reached here today that the bodies of E. W. Hensley, wife, and grandchild, a twelve-year-old son were found Monday morning in the ruins of their cabin. They lived above here on the side of a grassy mountain in a remote and secluded section. The cabin is supposed to have burned during Sunday night. Investigation is being made as to it is thought unlikely that the family would have failed to be aroused by the fire or would have had any difficulty in escaping from the small building. The scene of the tragedy is in the moonshine and there is no suspicion that Hensley may have become involved in some of the family feuds so frequent in the mountains and become the victim of some one's vengeance.

The Governors' Convention.











# THE CONSTITUTION.

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# TEN PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., April 12, 1933.

## Another Era of Good Feeling.

The first administration of President Monroe covered that remarkable period in our political history commonly known as "the era of good feeling."

In many respects it was a notable phase of American politics. At the end of President Madison's term the federalists were still strong and aggressive, and the democrats were hampered by their bitter factional divisions. The democratic members of congress did not nominate Monroe without having to contend with powerful opposition. William H. Crawford, of Georgia, received fifty-four votes against sixty-five for the successful candidate. Many democrats opposed Virginia's alleged domination. Aaron Burr denounced Monroe as an improper and incompetent candidate, and persuaded nineteen democrats to stay out of the caucus.

President Monroe's inaugural address outlined a policy so liberal, progressive and thoroughly American that party differences subsided, and the factions in the democratic party harmonized, and good feeling reigned in every quarter. The president made a tour of the states, and was warmly greeted by delegations made up of all shades of opinion. He selected able and distinguished men for his cabinet, and all the officials of his administration joined him in the effort to soften the political asperities of the time. To ally factions in his own party he selected his rival, Crawford, for the treasury, and endeavored to draw the federalists into the ranks of the democracy. So successful was this policy, that for four years we had a happy country, and the continuous love feast of the democracy proved so alluring that Monroe's second election was accomplished without a contest, the remnant of the federalists making no nomination.

President Cleveland's administration is in a position to dictate the future of parties. It can repeat the historic era of good feeling by adopting to a judicious extent the methods of Monroe. The republicans have lost their grip, and a reunited, harmonious democracy, devoid of factional spirit, and faithfully redeeming the pledges in its platform will practically give us one party, one people and one policy.

If the administration will draw the democratic factions together, doing nothing that will encourage existing differences of opinion, and energetically push the work of tariff and financial reform promised in our platform, we shall enter even a brighter era of good feeling than Monroe saw during his first term. The shattered republican party can never rally against the united democracy, and neither the republicans nor the populists will be able to formulate a popular platform that will command a following if we keep our promises of reform.

The people earnestly hope for the return of general prosperity and progress. They will give their hearty support to the administration and the party that will secure these blessings. All that we have to do is to keep in the middle of the big road, and honestly and faithfully redeem our pledges. But a different programme will bring trouble and perhaps disaster. The encouragement of one faction will perpetuate party differences, and the failure to stand by any of our promised reforms will anger many of our friends and strengthen the opposition. Shall we work for peace, harmony and prosperity, or shall we precipitate an era of turmoil and bitterness upon the country, multiplying political parties

and factions, dividing races, communities and families, and giving up everything to confusion and discord?

## The Common Law Wife Again.

Our recent editorial on that growing nuisance, the common law wife in New York, brings two of our lawyer readers to the front with the statement that a common law marriage holds good in Georgia. That is, a mutual agreement to be husband and wife, followed by living together in that relation, is a valid marriage, without any license, ceremony, or preacher or official.

Fortunately, we have had very little trouble in our state growing out of these unconventional marriages, because our people very generally desire to have the sanction of the law and the church expressed in some public manner when they marry. But with the growth of population and the importation of new ideas, the common law wife may become more prominent, and it might be well to head her off before she gets a good start.

## Chandler Jumps Up.

The biggest burlesque of the season is the spectacle of little Mr. Billy Chandler, the author and champion of the Florida election frauds of 1876, rising in the senate and offering a resolution directing a committee to inquire into a statement derogatory to Senator Power, of Montana.

Some accommodating senator ought now to introduce a resolution of inquiry into the political career of little Mr. Billy Chandler. The investigating committee would have a breezy time, and they would be able to uncover a remarkable record of political rascality. Chandler is little, but he's lively.

## The People Want the News.

A communication from an old subscriber, signing himself "Reader," in another column, very clearly defines the mission of a democratic newspaper, as fair-minded and thoughtful persons understand it.

We have no hesitation in saying that "Reader" voices the real sentiment of an intelligent public. Our subscribers expect to find the news in our news columns, and they look for appropriate comment on the editorial page. No policy could be more shortsighted than the publication of one side of a controversy and the suppression of the other. The democrats of Georgia and of the country would never have triumphed in the recent campaign if they had not received full information regarding the plans and the movements of the opposition. If it is the proper thing for a democratic newspaper to leave its readers completely in the dark as to the schemes and the actions of the republicans and the populists, then it follows that it would be good democratic journalism to report only one side of the debates in congress, and leave democrats under the impression that there is no necessity for vigilance, organization and work on their side of the house.

We propose to give the news, and say what we please about it in our editorial columns. When our opponents say or do anything that democrats ought to know for their own protection and guidance, we shall report it. Any other way of conducting a newspaper should be resented by all intelligent readers.

## Mr. Watterson on Silver.

We had occasion yesterday to call attention to and endorse some remarks made by Editor Watterson relative to the reform of the tariff. Today we have to call attention to some remarks made by Editor Watterson relative to the silver question, and to remind him of his own patriotic record in urging in season and out of season the prompt renunciation of the white metal.

For ten years Editor Watterson has been hammering away in behalf of the coinage of silver, and for a good part of that time hardly a day passed that he did not discuss the question. He has devoted literally hundreds of columns to the subject, and in the files of his paper, from 1878 to 1888, and perhaps later, is to be found a complete answer to any conceivable argument that the gold sharks and money lenders could invent, or to any weaker view of the question that Editor Watterson could himself present.

As a matter of fact, The Courier-Journal was for years, under Mr. Watterson's management, the leading advocate of the free coinage of silver, and treated the subject with a degree of comprehension and earnestness that attracted attention all over the country.

We observe in a recent issue of Mr. Watterson's paper that there is a tendency to tone down if not withdraw from the firm attitude it has occupied on the silver question. We have observed, too, that Mr. Watterson himself, by way of relaxation, has been paying more attention to the lecture platform than to the political discussions of the day, and this fact may in part account for the apparent tendency on the part of the paper to desert the impregnable position which it holds as the champion of free coinage. It may account for such remarks as these, which we find in a recent editorial article on the silver question:

Manifestly, if we are to enlarge to any extent our international commerce, we must do it upon an international basis; otherwise the world will soon draw from us our entire stock of gold, and will ship in return only silver or overvalued goods.

It becomes of first importance that the democratic party, in dealing with this silver question, should consider it in its broadest aspect, in its relation to the production and exchange of American crops and American goods. It is not simply a national question; it is a question which lies at the bottom of international commerce.

If the author of the foregoing will turn to the files of The Courier-Journal he will have no difficulty in discovering that our own domestic prosperity is vastly more important than any possible enlargement of our international commerce, especially under present conditions, when our farmers are compelled to compete with Indian cotton and wheat, receiving pay for these products in the depreciated silver standard, while they have to pay their debts in gold.

The Courier-Journal is right when it says that the democratic party should consider the silver question in its broadest aspect, but its broadest aspect is that which concerns most intimately the

prosperity of the American people—the people who see their debts enlarged and the values of their products decreased by the constantly appreciating gold standard. The broadest aspect of the silver question is that which relates to the pocket interests of the American people.

The international aspect is essentially narrow, and it is out of the power of the democratic party to deal with it successfully. All efforts in that direction at this time are bound to be frustrated by the foreign Shylocks who are in active partnership with the Shylocks of the north and east. They will not surrender the profits that accrue to them from the constantly appreciating single gold standard, and there is no reasonable hope of an international agreement.

Under only one contingency is there any possibility of an international agreement, and that is for the United States to enter upon free coinage and demonstrate that this government is able to restore silver to its old place in the currency. When this is done France and the countries forming the Latin union would lose no time in opening their mints to the free coinage of silver. We know the Shylock argument by heart. "Gold would disappear! It would go abroad." We have been listening to these predictions ever since the Bland-Allison act was up for discussion, and not one of them has ever been fulfilled—not one.

Suppose gold does go abroad; will it be given away? It will leave its full equivalent behind in some more useful shape. There is more gold in this country today than there has ever been before, but what good is it doing? It is not in circulation; it is hoarded in the nation's treasury, and in the vaults of the banks and trust companies.

We advise The Courier-Journal writer to turn to his files for light on this question. He will find a flood of it there.

## Offices and Office-Holding.

The McDuffie Journal has a well-considered article on the evils of office-seeking, in which it advises young men to stay at home. This advice is in the main correct, and it is in line with the suggestions made by The Constitution. Almost any young man with talent and ambition can do better in Georgia than he can in one of the departments at Washington. The routine is blighting and paralyzing, and the young man's career is ended the moment it is begun. We think, however, that our contemporary pushes its objections to office-holding too far. It says:

Let the republicans keep the offices—let anybody have them—let Old Nick have them; but for the Lord's sake let us not spoil our young men with them—our young men who are the hope of the country—who are coming up slowly by integrity and honest endeavor to make a place and a name for themselves in the world.

The truth is, the offices must be held by somebody, and to turn them over to the republicans would be to wreck the country. Congressmen must hold office in order to represent the people, and it would hardly be proper at this time to permit republicans to fill these representative offices.

Office-holding is an evil beyond a doubt, but it is more of an evil when the republican party engages in it, and it is for that reason we desire to see all the offices under a democratic administration filled by democrats. It is for that reason, too, that we desire to see the state of Georgia enjoying its proportionate share of the federal patronage.

However much we may inveigh against office-holding as a profession, we cannot close our eyes to the fact that Georgia has rights in the matter that ought not to be ignored. We presume no one will deny that the state is entitled to a representation in congress in proportion to its population. It is a right that asserts itself. Thus far we have found no one to deny that Georgia is entitled, on the same basis, to its proportionate share of federal patronage. This is another right that asserts itself in spite of the fact that it has been nullified in the interests of republican partisanship.

As a question of abstract morals, the discussion of office-seeking and office is interesting and perhaps profitable, but we are equally interested in the practical right of Georgia to have its just and equal proportion of the federal patronage, just as it has its equal representation in congress. Let the evil that now exists be remedied and then we may discuss the question whether the offices should be filled by Georgia democrats or Georgia republicans.

The French cabinet is not popular enough to run more than a fortnight. It should introduce some Mulligan business.

Massachusetts will never be truly happy until she is able to absorb all the federal patronage. Massachusetts will please keep her eyes on Georgia.

Some reformer is making an effort to abolish the Atlanta custom-house—and this is in the nature of an attack on the town. Atlanta has fitted herself to the custom house and feels very comfortable with it.

Twelve thousand barrels of Kentucky whisky were burned the other day. What will the teething children in that state do?

Speaking of Georgia names, General E. Bird Grubb has named his infant son Thomas Sopwith Grubb. Sopwith Grubb is a mighty healthy name for a baby to have.

Ex-Governor Campbell is sure the next governor of Ohio will be a democrat. This might be good news, but there have been times when a democratic governor in Ohio hurt his party more than he helped it.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The St. Louis Republic gets off the following educational ideas:

"And that is the point when the attempt is made to get at the point in the question of higher education. Latin and Greek, chemistry, astronomy, mathematics, everything that goes to make education, will give more power for any business, but they may take away the inclination. The well-educated man could make more money at any business than the uneducated man, but there is always a question of whether he would or not—of whether he would wish to make the sacrifice required to pay for money. Generally he would not. So, if you wish your boy to get a great deal more money than he can well earn, teach him to read, write and cipher and then put him 'at business.' He will be a great deal apter to become very rich than if he were thoroughly educated. But if you

with him to be widely useful, that is another matter, and he must have all the education you can possibly give him."

If the Normans had not conquered England all men of the Anglo-Saxon race might have worn a turban as extensively as ever. He says also that the fact that the Americans Investment Company, which is now in the hands of a receiver, owes a large amount of town property has a tendency to depress things. He hopes and believes, however, that the property will be bought up by another company and improved.

The Brooklyn Chronicle says that C. V. Riley, the new assistant secretary of agriculture, is the man who once assured a congressional committee that he could produce a fine grade of syrup from old shoes.

The New York papers intimate that visitors to the world's fair should avoid the new hotels and the drinking water of Chicago.

The Texas capital is the largest state building in this country.

## JUST FROM GEORGIA.

No Time for Wrangling.  
Though the winds are cool in Georgia an' the blessed skies are blue,

It's too hot to fight with Turkey, or to quarrel with Peru;  
An' it ain't a time for fightin', or fer writin' in sulky notes,

When the sweet birds are delightin' with the music o' their throats!  
O, it ain't a time fer wranglin' on the land, or on the sea,

When the sunshine is a tanglin' round the souls o' you an' me!  
When the world is jest the brightest that a feller ever saw,

An' its hills are the whitest, an' jest laughin' at the law!  
It's a time fer feelin' merry an' fer dreamin' in the light,

With a bright sun in the daytime an' a lot o' stars at night;

An' with all its love an' laughter, an' with all its perfect bliss,  
I'll be a bright hereafter if it's half as sweet as this!

F. L. S.

Editor Perry, of The Irwin World, says that when he "writes a lie" he wants his contemporaries to give him full credit for it. He ought to copy-right 'em.

At the Summer Hotel.  
"John," said a landin' o' these alligators arrive from Florida this morning?"

"They did, sir."  
"And the live fish?"  
"They're here, too."  
"All right. Put 'em in the pond, set out those orange trees, haul that rock up from the depot, throw a sack of salt in the well and then I'll advertise live fishin', salt water and natural scenery!"

James Whitcomb Riley won't walk under a ladder, yet he frequently brings down the house.

Editor Gunn, of the excellent Outback Liberal, is not an applicant as far as known, for any office; and yet we dare say he voted just as often as anybody.

Here's Your Springtime.

Grim winter now no longer shrouds  
The vales and mountain passes;  
Stars make their toilets in white clouds,  
With lakes for looking glasses!

The Tallapoosa Herald is the latest, and it appears to be moving along at a fair rate of speed. Tallapoosa ought to give its newspapers a handsome support.

The genial Pitts, of The Carrollton Times, has struck oil in Washington. He'll disguise himself now by greasing his hair.

A commercial exchange announces that "bathing suits will be higher this year."

Good Lord, deliver us!  
The first paper printed in Harris county was in 1856, and it was called The Organ. There have been organs since that date, however.

The paragraphist of The Brunswick Times works six nights of the week without rest on the seventh. His brain teems with brief ideas.

We're Waitin' for Him!

When Riley comes to see us  
We'll all turn out to the clock,  
'Till "the fro is on the punkin"  
An' the fodder's in the shock!"

The editor of The Shelby County News has gone to Florida to secure a seat in the legislature. Georgia is just a reachin' out!

Just Swore Himself In.  
"What did that little office call the colonel?"  
"One mule, \$60 and his religion."

Editor Cargill has gone about it in the right way. He is running a cotton business in connection with his newspaper.

Shaver made The Dalton Argus hum last week. There is more solid work on that weekly in a minute than there is on some other newspapers in a mile.

Editor Gunn says that "money is scarce and meat is high," but adds most cheerfully: "Thank the Lord, salvation's free!"

The Ringgold News has employed a bright paragrapher who is earning his salary.

The Madisonian is one of the Georgia weeklies that is "getting there." It has an excellent editorial page, while its local news features are all that could be desired.

Such a hold has the crime taken upon fashionable Ringgold that The New South says a Ringgold mother had to chain her chicken coops to the ground to keep the girls from wearing them for hoopskirts on Easter Sunday.

If Editor Underwood wants anything of this administration he ought to have it. He is not only one of the veteran democratic editors of Georgia, but he can pull a handkerchief, preach a sermon, plant a pear orchard and make the best Fourth of July speech on record. He's a good one.

## GOSSIP IN THE STATE.

Colons Redding and Kimbrough, of the experimental farm, will address the Spalding County Agricultural Society at the courthouse, in Griffin, next Saturday.

The Milledgeville Union-Recorder states the case in three lines:

"The Georgia planter is increasing his acreage of cotton and preparing to increase his indebtedness."

This is the way The Milledgeville Union-Recorder views it:

"We taxpayers will have to pay tax on the property we owned the 1st of March instead of the 1st of April. That's a sharp fork on the part of the state to catch us before we have spent our money."

The Macon Evening News, commenting on the prosperity of the Augusta cotton mills, says:

"They are rapidly capitalizing the advantages of their location. The same rains that nourish the cotton plant furnish the power that turns the wheels and spins the thread. The south is the field for cotton manufacturers."

A movement is on foot among the Griffin cyclists to organize an association and challenge the wheelmen of other cities to a contest. The Griffin Call says:

"The public would heartily enjoy the races among the young men who own wheels here. Some interesting races would be arranged to the delight of all interested in the bike."

The resignation of Judge Hall as member of the lower house of the Georgia legislature from Spalding county has brought out two candidates for the vacant seat. One is Captain David J. Bailey, Jr., the commander of the Spalding Grays, and the other one that veteran democrat, Hon. Henry E. Williamson. The Griffin News says:

"They are both good men, and neither can say anything against the other nor do they intend to. J. A. J. Tidwell, of Line Creek, was the one who was urged by some of his neighbors in attendance at county court to make the race, but has not yet decided to do so."

Mr. A. J. Tison, of The Richmond Gazette,

takes a gloomy view of the situation in his neighborhood. The Columbus Enquirer-Sun quotes him as follows:

"Editor Tison says that the times are quite hard in that neighborhood and he cannot see any chance of relief. The farmers are plain with low prices for their crops. He says also that the fact that the Americans Investment Company, which is now in the hands of a receiver, owes a large amount of town property has a tendency to depress things. He hopes and believes, however, that the property will be bought up by another company and improved."

## GEORGIA PRESS PERSONALS.

Albany Herald: No pie yet for Mr. Blackburn. Seems that it takes an awful long time to bake the crust.

Judge E. F. Edwards, of Covington, has gone to Washington on business. The Star does not state whether the business is of a political nature or not.

Governor Northen, according to a report in The Augusta News, "would prefer spending the rest of his life in preaching the gospel of Christ, rather than in political warfare."

The very entertaining poem, "All Sorts of Statements," by Mr. Carlton Hillyer, is being well received by his Augusta friends, and, indeed, by his friends throughout the state.

Dr. J. William Jones, of Atlanta, captured the Augusta people with his recent address there. The News of that city says of him: "He is eminently fitted for the work assigned him in every respect, and the good he has done and is doing will never be fully known until the day the book of the great asizes shall be opened."

Judge Hutchins is moving things along admirably in Athens. He is receiving many congratulatory notices from the state press. The Athens Banner refers to him as "one of the ablest judges on the bench in Georgia."

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: The attention of Minister Plenipotentiary P. M. E. Young is called to the fact that a Guatemalan mother gives her consent to her daughter's marriage by belaboring the young lady with a stick. The general is going down to that country as a bachelor and he may appreciate the information.

The Griffin News says that the young lady General P. M. E. Young denies that he is going to marry has been a quite frequent visitor to Griffin, where she has many friends, and is the richest young lady in her own right in the state.

Griffin News: Judge Hall has not resigned his position as attorney general for the Central railroad, but simply associated Judge Boynton with himself in the capacity. Neither has he changed his residence from this city on account of his duties in Washington.

## SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

The Baptists of Gadsden, Ala., have sold their church lot for \$5,500 and will at once erect a handsome church to cost \$12,000.

North Carolina has a boy baby with two well-formed hands where only his left hand should be, and the dime museums are after him.

The movement to have the Texas legislature adjourn and then meet right off in special session at \$5 per day is supposed to have been on foot by Austin boarding house keepers.

The Texas State Horticultural Society will hold its seventh annual meeting at Rockport, June 20th. This is intended to be the most interesting meeting ever held by the society. All sorts of pertaining to horticulture in Texas will be discussed.

Baltimore imports for the fiscal year which will end in July, will show an enormous increase in value over those of the previous fiscal year. The estimate is made that this increase will be so large that the duties will be a million dollars in excess of those of last year.

At Chattanooga Captain Robinson and Tom Bales found a queer animal near the water's edge of the Market street wharf. They threw stones at the animal, which proved to be an alligator. Finally they ran away, leaving considerable thumping from the stones the alligator ambled into the water and disappeared. He was game, and showed fight.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

### He Thanks The Constitution.

Atlanta, Ga., April 11.—Editor Constitution: I desire to thank The Constitution for its editorial in this morning's paper in which it refers to the snappish comments of a few newspapers, which, instead of printing the news, are always trying to criticize other papers which do give the news.

As a rock-ribbed democrat I am by no means hide-bound enough to desire that only one side of any question be presented to me in the columns of the papers I read. I read the papers to get the news and to hear what people and parties of all kinds and inclinations are talking about. I expect to find the whole matter in The Constitution, and if I thought its news columns were being subjected to partial reports on any topic, I would be prompt to leave it off of my list of newspapers. I look to its news columns for the news, and its editorials for guidance, fully and impartially is to be heartily commended.

The news and editorial columns of a paper are entirely different institutions and should be entirely separate. When I want to get the opinions of a newspaper I expect to find them on the editorial page; but when I want the news I turn to the news columns, and I will not take any paper which does not present the news on all questions. As to the Watson interview I was glad to see it, because I wanted to know the plans of this active but misguided young dissenter and his friends. After reading his views in The Constitution I feel that as a good democrat I am in a better position to know how to meet the obstacles presented. The Constitution did exactly right in refusing the interview, at the same time criticizing it editorially and urging the party to profit by Mr. Watson's suggestion that everything would be plain sailing if the party would redeem its solemn platform pledges.

There is not a metropolitan newspaper in America which has not long since discarded the hide-bound idea of subservient news columns to partial reports, giving only one side of a political question.

The people want the news and they know where to get it. They don't want to be treated as children, or subjected to an inquisition as to what they read.

READER.

## Common Law Marriages.

Editor Constitution—I read with much interest your editorial in this morning's Constitution headed "The New York Common Law Wife," and I now suggest that you enlarge the territory referred to in that editorial so as to embrace Georgia also.

As decided by the supreme court of Georgia in 84 Ga. 440, in the case of Smith versus Smith, common law marriages are now of force in Georgia, and have always been except during a period of less than one year, ending with the passage of the act of December 14, 1863 (pamp. p. 48) by which the common law was as to informal marriages was restored and reinstated in Georgia.

The evils attendant upon the operation of this law in New York do not prevail in Georgia is due doubtless to an innate reverence for the sanctity of the marital relation implanted in the nature of our people, rather than "to the check of human law to hand the wretch in order." Yours truly,

JAMES A. NOYES.

Editor Constitution—You are probably right in what you say in your editorial of today as to the evils which result from the form of marriage recognized as lawful in the state of New York, and known as the "Common Law Marriage;" that is, one in which no minister or other person officiates, but which consists merely of a mutual agreement to be husband and wife, followed by cohabitation. But you fail to mention that in Georgia the law is equally accommodating to those who prefer this quiet and easy way of arranging the matter. Those who are too bashful to consult the ordinary and the preacher or the peace, and those who are too poor to indulge in a license, can go right ahead without the ceremony of a minister, and refer to the decisions of the supreme court in the case of Adams versus Dupree, 1853, 173 Ga. 421, 422, 423.

Mr. A. J. Tison, of The Richmond Gazette,

## THE PASSING THROG.

Edward English Hawthorne.

O, tender are the tears that bathe his brow,  
O, loving are the hearts that bleed above  
The pallid form those hearts had crown'd  
With love, with love, with love, with love  
The form that life and love had flash'd here  
With holiness, like unto them who near  
The throne of God make welcome such as he!  
A simple man with spirit pure and free,  
He wrought and serv'd, and made each day  
shine clear.

With crystal deeds of truth and charity,  
For fame and wealth he had no madding  
trust.

His gold was clean, his honors mark'd the  
trust  
The world put in his truth and purity!  
When such men die we all are blind indeed  
Who rest not in their lives the conqu'ring  
creed!

—SAM W. SMALL.

Rev. Newt Tumlis, of the grand old county of Polk, is in the city. No man could come to the Gate City and find a freer and fuller welcome than this stalwart, genial, gallant son of Georgia. In the old day before he amended his constitution and by-laws and was running the wide-open schedule of the bill of rights of a man "free, white and twenty-one," there was no man in legislative hall or political convention who could overshadow "Tumlis of Polk." In good humor and popularity. As a minister of the gospel he has endeared himself to the hearts of many thousands and done a work of grace in his ministry that will go before him in commendation and follow after him to praise. It is one of the incidents that bankrupt skepticism and stampedes infidelity—this seeing and touching the man who bears about with him the marks of a complete redemption and a triumphant faith. He will be welcome in Atlanta as long as he will stay.

"There is a work that is a grief to me," said a distinguished citizen yesterday, pointing to the excavation being made in the triangle fronting of the First Methodist church. "There has been some home to restore those little triangles about Atlanta that ought to be owned and held forever open by the city. They could be converted into little beauty spots and animal places for the location of statues of public men hereafter. One of these days the people of Atlanta will turn to the artistic adornment of the streets—for we have foolishly allowed all the squares to be taken up with the houses and the triangles and will be sorry that we have allowed them to go into private hands to be built up with odd-shaped, inartistic structures."

Colonel John C. Printup, of Rome, said yesterday: "It would, doubtless, gratify the friends of Mr. R. B. Elliott, who do not know more than they have read in the papers these last few days, to learn that his mental troubles were not caused by drink. He has been working very hard







# Men's' Fine Sewed Shoes.

Today and next week I will offer the greatest bargains ever known in America in strictly first-class fine shoes for men.

Gents' finest Russia calf Piccadilly Bluchers, strictly hand-sewed Shoes worth \$7, only \$4.

Gents' kangaroo finest hand-sewed Shoes made, sold every day at \$6, my price \$4.

Gents' cordovan, finest imported, straight hand-sewed Shoes, regular price \$6, my price \$4.

Gents' finest and latest style patent leather Bals, worth \$7, today \$5.

Gents' fine French calf, strictly hand-made Shoes, worth and sold at \$5, my price \$3.

Gents' fine calf Goodyear welt Shoes, worth \$4.50, only \$2.50.

Gents' fine American calf machine sewed, worth \$3, just \$2 today.

Gents' seal calf Shoes, in new and nobby styles, Bluchers, only \$1.50.

Boys and Youths' fine dress shoes reduced to \$1.

Infants' Shoes and Oxford Ties from 25c up.

Ladies' dongola hand-sewed Oxfords, from 50c up.

Children's red Shoes from 50c up.

No matter what you want I have it.

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Capital, \$150,000. Charter Liability, \$300,000.

Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts. Interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 3 per cent, if left 3 months; 4 per cent, if left 6 months; 5 per cent, if left 12 months.

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### American Trust & Banking Co.

Capital, \$500,000. Undivided Profits, \$50,000.

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DIRECTORS: W. P. Ingram, P. H. Harrington, J. D. Turner, Joel Hurt, M. C. Kiser, R. F. Shedd, J. R. Gray, Jas. W. English, Geo. W. Mabson, Philadelphia, Md.; C. E. Kiser, C. F. McGeehee, W. Russell, Chas. Bernhardt.

Authorized to do general banking and exchange business; solicits accounts of banks, business firms and individuals.

This corporation is also especially authorized to act as trustee for corporations and individuals, to contract and register bonds, certificates of stock and other securities, and is a legal depository for all classes of trust funds.

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Our installment stock is a profitable and safe investment. We issue a 7 per cent guaranteed certificate, provided money is left one year. Our paid in capital and profits are larger than any bank in the city.

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(Under State Jurisdiction and Supervision.)

Capital Stock, \$200,000.

This bank is a legal depository for court funds and is authorized to act as Administrator, Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Conservator, Assignee and Receiver for Estate Corporations and individuals. Confidential interviews invited with parties contemplating the creation of trusts or other business arrangements kept separate from the assets of the bank.

Exchange bought and sold on the leading cities of the world. Discounts commercial paper. Loans made on approved securities, 6 per cent per annum interest paid on ready saving deposits. Auxiliary banks furnished free to depositors in saving bank department.

**RAILROAD SCHEDULES**

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

**SEABOARD AIR-LINE.**

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)

From Savannah, 7:45 am to Atlanta, 11:30 am. From Atlanta, 1:30 pm to Savannah, 5:15 pm.

**CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.**

From Savannah, 7:45 am to Albany, 11:30 am. From Albany, 1:30 pm to Savannah, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND DANVILLE R.R.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Danville, 11:30 am. From Danville, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Jacksonville, 11:30 am. From Jacksonville, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND GAINESVILLE R.R.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Gainesville, 11:30 am. From Gainesville, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND MONTGOMERY R.R.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Montgomery, 11:30 am. From Montgomery, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND MOBILE R.R.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Mobile, 11:30 am. From Mobile, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

**ATLANTA AND JACKSONVILLE R.R.**

From Atlanta, 7:45 am to Jacksonville, 11:30 am. From Jacksonville, 1:30 pm to Atlanta, 5:15 pm.

### FUNERAL NOTICE.

**RAWSON.**—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Rawson and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. E. E. Rawson, at Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, south, this morning at half-past 10 o'clock. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers: W. F. Slaton, R. J. Lowry, D. A. Beale, Judge Van Buren, G. T. Dodd, W. L. Peel, E. W. Martin and R. T. Dorsey. The following gentlemen are invited to act as honorary escort: G. W. Adair, E. W. Marsh, A. D. Adair, R. J. Hammond, Judge Logan E. Beckley, W. F. Pettillo, J. H. Porter, M. E. E. Andrews, Judge John Brinkley, W. D. Ellis, M. C. Kiser, S. B. Hart, T. B. Neal, A. J. Shropshire, W. J. Garrett, J. W. Rucker, Walker Ingram, Dr. A. J. English, Dr. H. P. Cooper, Dr. W. S. Kendrick, W. A. Hemphill, George Hillier, John A. Smith, Judge W. L. Calhoun, J. E. Middlebrooks, W. H. Brotherton and J. E. Williams.

**ORMIK.**—The friends and acquaintances of Colonel W. P. Orme, Dr. F. H. Orme, Mr. A. J. Orme and Mrs. J. W. Culpeper are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of the former from the undertaking office of C. H. Swift, at 4 o'clock p. m. this day. Interment in Oakland cemetery. Funeral services at the grave. The following named gentlemen are requested to act as escorts and pallbearers, are requested to meet at C. H. Swift & Co., 430 Broadway, at 3:30 o'clock p. m. sharp: Judge Logan E. Beckley, Colonel N. J. Hammond, Judge S. B. Hart, Colonel John T. Henderson, Colonel James R. Wylie, Mr. Thomas M. Clarke, Mr. W. Rhode Hill, Dr. J. F. Adair, Colonel G. W. Adair, Mr. R. M. Farrar, Mr. Albert Cox, Mr. E. P. Black, Mr. E. A. Werner, Judge W. L. Calhoun, Mr. Thomas B. Walker, Mr. J. C. Kirkpatrick, Mr. F. Y. Snow, Mr. S. B. Hart, the evening papers the funeral was announced to take place at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in consequence of the inability to secure carriages for that hour the funeral was postponed to take place at 4 o'clock p. m.

**BROWN.**—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. Elijah Brown are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Brown from the family residence, 137 Crew Street, at 4:30 o'clock today. Interment at Oakland.

### MEETINGS.

The Woodmen of the World will meet at 6 1/2 North Broad street at 8 o'clock p. m. Saturday, April 15th. The permanent night of meeting will then be arranged, the local dues fixed, the permanent officers elected, so that it is essential that every applicant be present.

By order of committee.

G. S. PRYOR, J. M. PENDER.

April 12-4t

Attention Commandery, No. 9, K. T. U. D. Sir Knight: Attend stated convocation at 8 o'clock this evening (Wednesday) at 1212½ Whitehall street, at the Court of Honor of the Commandery.

Inspection by Grand Commander M. B. TORRETT, FOREMASTER ADAIR.

By order.

Recorder P. Tem. E. C.

### FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearing today: \$46,742.35 For 2 days: \$58,320.65

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying and selling at \$100.00 1/2 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations.

STOCKS AND BOND.

New York 104 1/2, 105 1/2, 106 1/2, 107 1/2, 108 1/2, 109 1/2, 110 1/2, 111 1/2, 112 1/2, 113 1/2, 114 1/2, 115 1/2, 116 1/2, 117 1/2, 118 1/2, 119 1/2, 120 1/2, 121 1/2, 122 1/2, 123 1/2, 124 1/2, 125 1/2, 126 1/2, 127 1/2, 128 1/2, 129 1/2, 130 1/2, 131 1/2, 132 1/2, 133 1/2, 134 1/2, 135 1/2, 136 1/2, 137 1/2, 138 1/2, 139 1/2, 140 1/2, 141 1/2, 142 1/2, 143 1/2, 144 1/2, 145 1/2, 146 1/2, 147 1/2, 148 1/2, 149 1/2, 150 1/2, 151 1/2, 152 1/2, 153 1/2, 154 1/2, 155 1/2, 156 1/2, 157 1/2, 158 1/2, 159 1/2, 160 1/2, 161 1/2, 162 1/2, 163 1/2, 164 1/2, 165 1/2, 166 1/2, 167 1/2, 168 1/2, 169 1/2, 170 1/2, 171 1/2, 172 1/2, 173 1/2, 174 1/2, 175 1/2, 176 1/2, 177 1/2, 178 1/2, 179 1/2, 180 1/2, 181 1/2, 182 1/2, 183 1/2, 184 1/2, 185 1/2, 186 1/2, 187 1/2, 188 1/2, 189 1/2, 190 1/2, 191 1/2, 192 1/2, 193 1/2, 194 1/2, 195 1/2, 196 1/2, 197 1/2, 198 1/2, 199 1/2, 200 1/2, 201 1/2, 202 1/2, 203 1/2, 204 1/2, 205 1/2, 206 1/2, 207 1/2, 208 1/2, 209 1/2, 210 1/2, 211 1/2, 212 1/2, 213 1/2, 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880 1/2, 881 1/2, 882 1/2, 883 1/2, 884 1/2, 885 1/2, 886 1/2, 887 1/2, 888 1/2, 889 1/2, 890 1/2, 891 1/2, 892 1/2, 893 1/2, 894 1/2, 895 1/2, 896 1/2, 897 1/2, 898 1/2, 899 1/2, 900 1/2, 901 1/2, 902 1/2, 903 1/2, 904 1/2, 905 1/2, 906 1/2, 907 1/2, 908 1/2, 909



## MILITARY MATTERS.

Why Atlanta's Companies Are Not Allowed to Enter Camp.

THEY ARE NOT WELL ORGANIZED.

Who Is Going to Be Elected Colonel of the Regiment—Other Gossip Among the Military Men.

It has been asked very often among the military men of Atlanta why the military companies of this city were left out of the encampment this year.

At the last meeting of the military advisory board of the state it was decided that with the feeble appropriation allowed the military by the Georgia legislature, it would not be feasible to admit all of the military forces into camp this year at Griffin, and a list of the companies to be admitted was made out.

On that list not one of the Atlanta companies appears.

The question is, why was Atlanta left out in the cold after this fashion? It has been asked with much concern by the soldiers of the state, not alone in Atlanta but in every other Georgia city.

When Adjutant General Kell was seen yesterday and asked why this seeming discrimination was made against Atlanta, he said:

"Well, it was through no spirit against Atlanta, but owing to the unfortunate fact that the companies of Atlanta are in no shape to go into camp this year. There are but few of the Atlanta companies with a captain and no, and the battalion has no head, Colonel W. L. Calhoun having resigned his office."

"We had hoped that the companies forming the Fourth Georgia battalion would get themselves together and elect a colonel before this time. In fact, the date was fixed at headquarters for this election some time ago, but for some reason the companies forming the battalion could not elect the officer that day, and asked for more time. The time was allowed them and as yet we have not heard anything about the result of the further investigation of the officers whose duty it is to elect the colonel."

"All of these things coming along at the time they did, made it an unfortunate combination of circumstances which acted against Atlanta in the matter of forming a list of companies to go into camp this year at Griffin."

"It must be remembered, however, that there will only be half of the companies of the entire state at the encampment this year, and that with such an arrangement we could not have taken all of the companies of a section into ranks there, and all of the companies forming the regiment in the southwest corner of the state are left out also, and one of the regiments in Savannah will not be there. It would not be fair for Atlanta, but under the circumstances it could not be helped. I am sure that the soldiers of Atlanta fully understand the position of the advisory board."

Who will be elected colonel for the Fourth Georgia battalion still hangs fire.

The resignation of Colonel Calhoun has been submitted some time, but the action of the officers to bear with him in filling his place seems to be stayed by some power.

It is known that a great strength was developed in behalf of Colonel Albert Howell for the office, but that he would not accept the use of his name for the place by his friends. He was seen by many of them in an informal way and a great pressure was brought to him to accept the office, but he declined every time preferring that his name be not brought before the officers for election.

The name of Quartermaster General West was also brought up by some of his friends and was discussed with much favor by the officers who have always had a great fondness for him. But it is said upon good authority, that the quartermaster general would not allow the use of his name on the ground that he would be too busy with the work of preparing for the encampment for the next two or three months, that he could not think of taking the place. He is a great enthusiast on military matters and has made a most efficient officer in charge of the encampment each year, but thinks that he could not very well leave the office of quartermaster general just at this time when more attention is needed than before.

The reason given by Colonel Howell for not allowing the use of his name before the officers was that the work of his office at the union depot would not allow his taking so much time away from it as would be necessary did he accept the colonel's place on the battalion.

It is thought that the officers will get together very soon and elect a colonel. The Hibernal Rifles and the Gate City Guard are the two best companies in the city and still are without a captain.

At the Encampment Site.

The work of improving the encampment site at Griffin according to the commands of the advisory board, goes steadily on from day to day.

The site will be greatly beautified and improved. It is going to be one of the prettiest military encampments to be found in the entire country.

The barracks will be moved higher up the hill, and the rifle range will be greatly improved. It is a splendid place for the encampment and the men who have the work in charge have determined to make it all that it can be made before they finish the work of improvement.

For strengthening and clearing the voice, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."—These have been recommended to friends who were public speakers, and they have proved extremely serviceable. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

THEY ARE REGISTERING.

About Six Hundred Citizens Are Determined to Vote on the Question of Water Bonds.

The registration of those who desire to vote on the question of whether or not the water bonds to the amount of \$182,000 shall be issued is moving along rapidly.

The lists were opened on the 7th and will not be closed until the 11th of May. The number of registrations up to date is something under six hundred, an average of about two hundred a day, at which rate there will be a pretty full number of voters taking part in the water bonds election.

The qualifications of a voter are that he has been a resident of half of the county at least six months previous to the time of election; that he has been a resident of the state for at least twelve months; that he lives in the city at the time of the election, and that he will be twenty-one before election day.

Two hundred registrations a day is quite brisk and it is apparent that the people are taking an interest in the matter of the water bonds. The greater portion of those registering declare for the bonds and there is every reason to believe that they will pass.

Serious Danger Threatens every man, woman or child living in a region of country where fever and ague is prevalent, since the germs of malarial disease are inhaled from the air and are allowed from the water of such a region. Medical safety is absolute and is available to nullify this danger. As a means of fortifying and acclimating the system so as to be able to resist the malarial poison, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is incomparably the best and the most popular.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her feel like a different person, so they all say, and their husbands say too!

For sale to highest bidder on May 4th at 11 a. m. at Dimmock & Wallace's warehouse, one car hay consigned to "Carter & Wallace," Cranton & Basile, O. C. Martin, agent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, April 24-25 wed

## EARTH TO EARTH.

Mr. Rawson's Funeral Will Occur from Trinity This Morning.

THERE WILL BE NO COURT TODAY.

Adjourned Out of Respect to the Memory of the Deceased—This Interment Will Occur in Oakland.

The funeral of Mr. E. E. Rawson will occur from Trinity church this morning at 10:30 o'clock, and all that is mortal of this good man will be laid to rest in Oakland cemetery.

All day yesterday the Rawson home-stand was crowded with callers eager to take a last look at the familiar features which they had known in life. Among those who called at the house were the friends who had been associated with Mr. Rawson for more than forty years in this city, and the sorrow which they manifested was a beautiful tribute to his life and character.

The services this morning will no doubt be largely attended. The pallbearers have been selected from his intimate friends and acquaintances, while a larger number of those who were associated with him in business and religious circles will constitute the honorary escort.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: W. F. Slaton, R. W. Lowry, D. A. Beattie, Judge Howard Van Epps, G. T. Dodd, W. L. Peel, E. W. Martin and R. T. Dorsey.

These gentlemen will constitute the honorary escort. G. W. Adair, N. J. Hammond, Judge Logan E. Blackley, W. P. Pattillo, J. H. Porter, F. M. Coker, E. Andrews, Judge John Eskine, W. D. Kiser, S. B. Hoyt, T. R. Neal, A. J. Shropshire, W. J. Garrett, J. W. Rucker, Walker Innish, Dr. A. W. Calhoun, Henry Hirsch, Paul Romare, J. W. English, Dr. H. P. Cooper, Dr. W. S. Kendrick, W. A. Hemphill, George Hillier, John A. Smith, Judge W. L. Calhoun, W. M. Middlebrooks, W. H. Brotherton, J. E. Williams and T. L. Scrutcher.

Adjournment of Court Today.

There will be no sessions of any of the courts today on account of the death of Mr. Rawson. The superior court, presided over by Judge Marshall Clarke, adjourns for the reason that Mr. Rawson was the brother-in-law of Judge Clarke, while the city court, presided over by Judge Westmoreland, adjourns for the reason that the latter is a son-in-law of Mr. Rawson. Judge Van Epps has adjourned his court for today out of respect for his colleagues whose bereavement is such as to make it a proper action of sympathy.

Order from Judge Van Epps.

The following order has been issued by Judge Van Epps: Mr. E. E. Rawson, an old and honored citizen of Atlanta, the father-in-law of his honor, Thomas P. Westmoreland, the judge of the second division of the city court, and a brother-in-law of his honor, Marshall J. Clarke, judge of the superior court of Fulton county, having departed this life, is ordered that the court, at the conclusion of this day's business, do adjourn until Thursday, April 12th, in order that the presiding judge, the officers and the bar of the court here may be able to pay the last tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased. In open court, this April 11, 1893.

HOWARD VAN EPPS.

Judge of the City Court of Atlanta.

Special Meeting of the Council.

On account of the active part which Mr. Rawson took in municipal affairs, and his connection for such a long time with the board of water commissioners, the mayor has issued the following order: In honor of the long and honorable service rendered the city of Atlanta by the late E. E. Rawson as a member of the board of education and water commissioners, and his public spirit as an officer and private citizen, a special meeting of the board of water commissioners will be held on Wednesday, April 12th, instant, to take suitable action on his death and to attend the funeral at the church of the late E. E. Rawson.

JOHN B. GOODWIN, Mayor.

An Escort of Pioneers.

The members of the Pioneer Citizens Society will please attend the funeral services of Mr. E. E. Rawson at Trinity church Wednesday (12th instant) at 10:30 o'clock a. m.

The following members are delegated to attend: Messrs. S. B. Love, Frank T. Ryan, S. B. Hoyt, John T. Glenn, Anthony Murphy, John H. McCallin, W. L. Calhoun, W. H. Hulse, John H. James, C. W. Hunnicutt, Ezra Andrews, P. M. Richardson, A. Leyden, John C. Peck, E. C. Murphy, L. F. Hall.

JAMES E. WILLIAMS, President.

When you speak or even think of spring medicine how quickly Hood's Sarsaparilla comes into your mind. Take it now.

S. A. L. to Naval Rendezvous, Norfolk, Va. The naval rendezvous at Norfolk April 14th to 27th, the grandest accumulation of naval vessels that has ever occurred in the world will attract a great deal of travel from all sections to Norfolk, Old Point Comfort and Hampton Roads vicinity.

All visitors will be admitted free on board the ships, which will be there from all countries, as steam launches will be run to and from the shore and the different cruises so that thorough inspection of each of the steamers will be given.

S. A. L. is the only line running entire train through to Portsmouth, Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the country. Address telegrams to DR. HATHAWAY, C. O. 221-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 1.

Round trip tickets will be on sale April 15th and 16th with extreme limit to April 26th at \$21.00 for the round trip. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at the office of R. D. Mann & Co., No. 4 Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. April 15-16.

Indigestion? Miserable! Take Beecham's Pills.

UNDERWEAR.

We doubt if you can find as complete line of underwear for spring and summer as we are now showing.

The line is superb and embraces full assortments, plain and fancy balbriggan, plain and fancy lisle nainsook, French netted, silk and cotton, silk and wool, pure silk, etc.

The prices range from \$1 for a splendid balbriggan suit upwards.

We can do you good on underwear and hosiery.

A. O. M. Gay & Son, HATTERS AND HABERDASHERS, 18 Whitehall.

NOTICE—Dissolution of Partnership—The firm of J. H. Murphy & Son, merchants and brokers at No. 67 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

W. R. HAYT, 90 Whitehall, OR 325 TO 329 PEACHTREE.

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## COMPLETE.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE AND READY TO SHOW. WE HAVE EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING STORE.

OUR HATS ARE GOING LIKE "HOT CAKES" BECAUSE THEY ARE CORRECT SHAPES AND GOOD GOODS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT IS RECEIVING ITS USUAL LARGE SHARE OF PATRONAGE. WE ARE SHOWING A NICE LINE OF PIECE GOODS AND INVITE YOU TO LOOK AT THEM.

TROUSERS MADE IN A DAY. LARGE STOCK OF PUFF AND NEGLIGEE SHIRTS AND SUMMER NECKWEAR.

LUMPKIN, COLE & STEWART, CLOTHIERS, 26 Whitehall Street.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., SPECIALISTS.

(Regular Graduates Registered.)

He Thought He Might As Well Die.

A few weeks ago a Chicago gentleman, who had been in Atlanta a short time, was turned to his home. The brief absence had wrought such a change in him that he was not at first recognized by his own family. For years he had suffered from a chronic complaint of rather peculiar character. He had been in the hands of the doctors so long, and had endured such pain, that when he left home he was but a shadow of his former self. So now, when he returned in perfect health, the surprise was complete.

The happy change was the result of using for a short time the treatment of DR. HATHAWAY & CO., the eminent specialists of this city. Their success is marvellous and does away with the need of obtaining prompt and satisfactory results at a low and reasonable fee with all medicines furnished free.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN—Remarkable results have followed our treatment of years of varied and successful experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for the diagnosis of men who have weak or undeveloped or diseased organs, who are suffering from errors of youth and who are unable to control their nervous and impulsive actions, and the contempt of their friends and companions lead us to guarantee to all patients, if they can possibly be restored, our own exclusive treatment will afford a cure.

REMEMBER!—That there is hope for you. Consult us at once, as you may waste valuable time. Obtain our treatment at once.

LADIES—You who have suffered from diseases peculiar to your sex, from weakness, should certainly try our new method of treatment, which surpasses the old methods, and does away with so much pain which is often experienced. Try our treatment and you will be satisfied.

STYPHILIS—This terrible disease is treated by us with the latest methods, and our experience at Hot Springs and eastern hospitals enables us to entirely eradicate this terrible poison from the system. The cure is rapid, safe and effective remedy. A complete cure guaranteed.

UNNATURAL DISCHARGES—Promptly cured in a few days. Quick, sure and safe. This includes gleet and gonorrhea.

STRICTURE—A new method. No cutting. The only rational method to effect a complete treatment.

Send for symptom blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases.

All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the country. Address telegrams to DR. HATHAWAY, C. O. 221-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 1.

THIS IS THE TIME FOR FRUITS.

We offer great bargains in California fruits.

Three-pound Standard California Pears, per can, 25c.

Three-pound Standard California Peaches, per can, 25c.

Three-pound Standard California Apricots, per can, 25c.

We will sell you one dozen pears, peaches or apricots at \$2.50 per dozen.

Three-pound Extras Colman Flag or Thurber's Peaches, Pears or Apricots at 35c per can or \$4 per dozen.

These prices will last only one week. Do not miss them.

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## MAKING THE BEST OF IT.

This is the scare that raised the hair of the man who suddenly smiled. Some ripe and a tear and spots chanced in the only suit to his hide.

This is the frown that settled down on his face, as he sadly thought. How his purse would look when the cash he took for the clothes that must be bought.

This is the smile that broke on him while he was viewing our elegant stock. He chose a nice style. Saving part of his pile. For the clothes that must be bought.

Put them together. And then tell us whether a man should be merry or sad. Who needing good clothes, very sensibly goes to the place where the bargains are had.

Combination. BISHMAN & WELLS. ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS. 3 WHITEHALL ST.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER IS FROM THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

NO. 105 CANAL STREET. CINCINNATI, O. HIO.

HOTEL LANIER, MACON, - - - GEORGIA.

A Strictly First-Class Hotel.

Located in the business center of the city.

RATES \$2.50 to \$4.00 Per Day.

G. B. DUY, Proprietor.

Free bus to and from all depots. Baggage wagon connected with the house.

Feb 24-25

Hotel Aragon, ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

The newest, the most elegant, the safest, the most complete hotel palace in the south.

Every scientific appliance for ventilating, heating, plumbing and electric lighting.

The Privacy of a Home.

The conveniences of a modern New York hotel, the furnishings of a palace, the table of an epicure.

RATES—American plan, \$3 to \$5 per day; European plan, \$1.50 to \$3.50 per day. Free passenger service to and from depot.

ROSES! ROSES! Small plants from two and a half inch pots.

16 ROSE PLANTS \$1.00. My selection of varieties including all the best, delivered anywhere in the city free of charge. Order now of W. D. BEATTIE, Room 508 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Send for symptom blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases.

All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the country. Address telegrams to DR. HATHAWAY, C. O. 221-2 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 6, 7 to 9; Sundays, 10 to 1.

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## A SHOPPER!

said a few days since "I looked the town over and found nothing to fit me except in your store."

Another customer said: "I can find plenty of clothing, but nothing that approaches yours in the way of fits."

We literally give the people "fits." For attention to all the details that go to make up a superb stock of Clothing no house equals us. If long or short, stout or lean, come in, we can fit you and please you.

George Muse Clothing COMPANY, 38 Whitehall Street.

WANTED.

The Manhattan Life Insurance Company

Will make good contracts with experienced solicitors for the States of Georgia and South Carolina.

JAS. G. WEST, MANAGER, 33 1/2 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Satzky At It Again.

Everybody wanting a perfect fitting Suit should go to Satzky, the Tailor. Fresh New Goods.

ROOM 304, KISER BUILDING, PRYOR STREETS.

PETER LYNCH, 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

And Branch Store 201 Peters Street.

ROSES! ROSES! Small plants from two and a half inch pots.

16 ROSE PLANTS \$1.00. My selection of varieties including all the best, delivered anywhere in the city free of charge. Order now of W. D. BEATTIE, Room 508 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

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**ENGAGEMENT RINGS.**  
DIAMONDS,  
FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY.  
J. P. STEVENS & BRO.  
41 WHITEHALL STREET,  
ATLANTA.

## rhine wine.

fifteen varieties to select from—as many clarets and sauternes. every grade and price. come on, ye drinkers.

bluthenthal & bickart,  
“b. & b.”

schlitz “pilsener,” “extra pale,” “extra stout,” “canadian club,” “goulet champagne,” “green label,” (genuine), “old oscar pepper,” “quincy, quincy, quincy, quincy, quincy.”

Prepare for the Worst by  
Getting the Best.

We hardly expect this brilliant exhibition of intelligence to illumine your countenance as the lurid flames of the burning Kimball once lit up the pallid faces of the citizens of Atlanta, still, we hope to keep our memory green by furnishing you dry lumber made up into interior finish mantels, bank and store fixtures, at our justly celebrated establishment Nos. 115, 117 and 119 West Mitchell street.

MAY MANTEL COMPANY.

## Liebig Company's

These two words are known in every well ordered household throughout the world as designating the oldest, purest, best and always to be depended upon

## Extract of Beef.

MANUFACTURER OF SAUSAGE  
C. A. RAUSCHENBERG

133 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.  
TELEPHONE 466  
Dealer in Fine Western and Tennessee Beef, Mutton, Pork, Spiced and Smoked Meats, Poultry and Game in Season. Your Orders Solicited.  
march 22-1m un D&C

## STUART'S Gin and Buchu CURES KIDNEY DISEASES

For the last few years kidney disease has been rapidly on the increase. Insidious in its approach—alarming in its consequences—this terrible scourge has cut down some of the brightest intellects of the age. Many suffer from kidney trouble long before they are aware of the true character of their complaint. In disease any neglect or delay is dangerous. This is peculiarly true of all kidney affections. As soon as the first symptoms appear, treatment should commence.

Dull pain in the back, weakness over the joints or tenderness upon pressure, scanty or reddish urine, cloudy after standing, brick dust deposit, albumen or uric acid reaction, smarting or burning pains in passing water, etc., are danger signals, and should be promptly heeded.

## Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Is the remedy you need. By its use you do not have to lie up for treatment. You can follow your usual avocation and also get well.

Hello, 672!  
Is that Standard Wagon Co.?

Yes.  
Customer says: “I have decided to take that buggy and harness I was looking at this morning.”  
“All right; we will have it fitted up properly, so you can get it in time for afternoon drive.”  
Our goods are easily sold.

Standard Wagon Co.,  
38 and 40 Walton St.

B. VIGNAUX,  
FRENCH RESTAURATEUR.

Restaurant and Ladies' Cafe.  
No. 16 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.  
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.  
Regular Meals 25 Cents. Wine 50 Cents.

## MAY INDICT ELEVYEN.

The Grand Jurors Are Finding Out Something They Did Not Know Before.

THEIR NET IS CATCHING FISH.

But the Legal Meshes May Not Hold Them. The Investigation Is Expected to Continue for a Week Longer.

The grand jury which is investigating the Gate City bank case seems to have struck oil. It must be remembered that this is the third time the court authorities have gone over this ground. The expression applied early in the case that the plying would be deep fits to a nicety. It is sub-soiling. First there was an investigation by Attorney Darnell. Then Captain Harry Jackson went into the case and the plying was a little deeper. Mr. Otter, the attorney general, stopped the proceedings for two weeks, and now, for the third time, the investigation is under way.

Mr. Ed McCandless, the cashier of the Gate City bank, was the chief witness yesterday. He was in the jury room for three hours. The evidence which he gave is one of the secrets of the court, but it is presumed to have been comprehensive. One thing is certain. The authorities think that they are catching bottom. The jurors had a satisfied look when they came out of the room. They had gained a pretty good insight into the banking business and began to see how the \$103,000 might have been stolen.

On Monday it was understood that the seven indictments which were drawn two weeks ago had been discarded. But yesterday the impression got out that another batch would be drafted and now it is thought that seven more indictments will be found.

It is possible that the number will run up to eleven. Who the parties are that are under suspicion would not do to tell until the true bills are announced in court.

The testimony is nebulous as yet on the point of complicity of the majority of persons suspected, but the jurors are probing in the hole where the money went and they think that they will locate something definite before they exhaust their witnesses. Last night looked as though the investigation would continue a week longer. There is a mass of evidence to be brought out and the inquiries are thorough. This week the affairs of the Atlanta and Florida Railway Company have been under investigation. The jury has obtained evidence going to show that Lewis Redwine delivered money to borrowers on the supposition that it was to be used for carrying out a deal in which the Atlanta and Florida figured. After a large sum was delivered for that purpose he was importuned to give additional assistance in order to get back what had been used. He was in for it anyway, and when informed that more cash was indispensable to carry the scheme through he yielded. There is a supposition that he was to have a good share of the profit in the event that the plan was a success and the road was sold for the large sum asked for it. He said that he was in the power of the parties who came to him. The source of that power has not been explained.

One thing which has been brought out is the evidence that Lewis Redwine was about to skip out when the discovery was made that he was short. It is firmly believed that he intended to leave the city on Tuesday night and seeing that he was watched by Mr. Hill, he left hurriedly. He had carefully prepared to go and had destroyed many of his private papers. Some though, he had not destroyed, and they will fasten the design on him or there is nothing in circumstantial evidence. That he removed from the bank several thousand dollars the last two or three days that he was there seems certain. By a strange coincidence, the pains which he took to cover up his tracks operated to make his plans more clear and facts of which he and his counsel will probably be ignorant until the day of trial, are in the possession of the government's counsel. There is said to be evidence extant which he had every reason to believe was destroyed. This evidence is just what he and others would want beyond the reach of the authorities. And it was the merest accident that it was preserved.

A traveling man who has been all over Georgia, Florida and western Alabama during the last six weeks, says that the looting of the bank is the universal topic of discussion everywhere. All through the country there is an impression that parties who are undoubtedly innocent are really guilty. There is a feeling, too, that the full facts of the case will not be brought out. Around the courthouse more satisfaction is expressed with the progress of the investigation than at any time heretofore.

To get at the facts regarding Hood's Saraparilla ask the people who take this medicine, or read the testimonials often published in this paper. They will convince you Hood's cures.

THEY WILL MEET AGAIN TODAY.

The County Commissioners Will Meet in Extra Session to Finish Up Their Work.

There will be an extra session of the board of county commissioners this morning. The purpose of the meeting will be to settle the time for holding the county election on the issuing of the proposed bonds, and also to discuss the merits of the contemplated road to McPherson's barracks.

It was decided in effect at the last meeting of the board that the election for the county bonds would be held on the 16th of May, and occur jointly with the city election for the issuance of waterworks bonds. As the city council had not met, however, and since there was the bare possibility of a change in the date it was decided to allow the council to meet first and settle the matter, after which there would be plenty of time for the commissioners to meet and arrange the matter for the 16th of May.

The settlement of a day, therefore, which will simply be a matter of form, will be the first business before the commissioners this morning.

After this question is settled the matter of the proposed route to the barracks will be thoroughly discussed. Captain Greenough, of the United States government, will be present and will explain the survey by the use of several maps which he has drawn for the benefit of the commissioners. He has drawn two or three different routes, in order to give the board the benefit of variety, and to show the possible ways in which the road can be built, with reference to the question of expense, and waiving the idea of cost with reference to the question of beauty and effect.

The meeting of the board this morning will be almost entirely occupied with the discussion of this matter which is prolific of much interest to the city.

No Anti-Pyrene in Bromo-Seltzer.  
Cures all headaches—Trial bottle 10c.

Nissac Dennis & Roberts  
General shorthand and copying offices, No. 448 Equitable Building. Stenographers furnished by the hour, day, week or permanently. Phone 1275. oct 14-15

C. B. Conyers,  
Stenographer and commissioner to take testimony. Telephone, 1507. Jan5-4ly  
PERSONAL

C. J. Daniel wall paper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street. Phone 77.

WITHOUT PAIN OR CONFINEMENT.

Opium and Whisky Habits Cured at Your Home.  
Patients continue business while under treatment. Whisky and all other drugs stopped immediately on beginning treatment—do not need them. No treatment yet discovered to compare with it. Have given special study and practice to these diseases for the past twenty years, with continued and successful increase in practice. Book of cures free. R. M. Woolley, M.D., Atlanta, Ga.

## The Brown & King Supply Company,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES

WROUGHT IRON PIPE,  
FITTINGS,  
VALVES, INJECTORS,  
EJECTORS,  
STEAM PUMPS, etc.  
Rubber and Leather  
Belting,  
PACKING HOSE, etc.  
Wood Split Pulleys,

Agents for Ledgerwood Hoisting Engines.

SHAFTING,  
Hangers, Boxes, etc.,  
FACTORY SUPPLIES,  
of every description,  
IRON and WOOD  
WORKING MACHINERY.

Agents for Cameron Steam Pumps.



The Columbian Casino Restaurant Co.'s

President, Mr. Sadler, writes:  
“In placing this contract we prefer that a deal be made with the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association. It is the intention of the company to make the Casino the most complete, most perfect, and the highest grade restaurant ever operated on this continent. For this reason the beer of the Anheuser-Busch company is preferred.”  
Fotis & Fotis, Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

PEARLS  
DIAMONDS  
EMERALDS  
SAPPHIRES  
RUBIES  
Maier & Berkele,  
JEWELERS  
31 and 93 Whitehall St.

## NEW GOODS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
FIFTY NEW STYLES OF  
SUITINGS.

The latest and nobbiest patterns to be found.  
Choice this week—

Suit to Order \$20.

Extraordinary values, equal to what other Tailors charge \$40 for. We are turning out great quantities of work, and our customers are all perfectly satisfied. We have the largest assortment of styles in the city.

PRICES ARE VERY LOW.

Order your spring clothes now and here.  
Satisfaction guaranteed in every way.

**KAHN BROS.**  
THE LEADING TAILORS,  
8 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

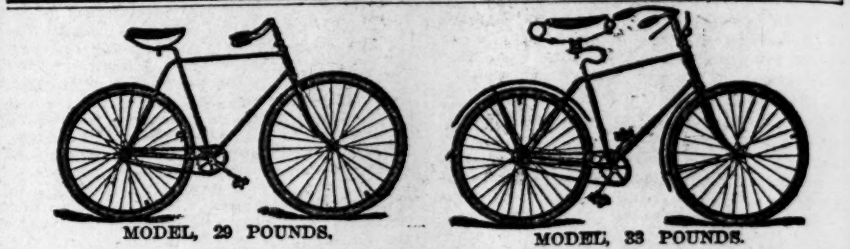
JUST A WORD Before Buying Your Easter Outfit

BIG  
EASTER  
CLOTHING  
Preparations!

HIRSCH BROS., 44 Whitehall St.

ATLANTA ELEVATOR CO.,  
OFFICE AND WORKS,  
Means Street W. and A. R. R.  
ATLANTA, GA.,  
**ELEVATORS**  
PASSENGER-FREIGHT

**SCIPLE SONS,**  
FireBrick, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Sewer Pipe, etc.  
Office, No. 6 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.



If you want a Bicycle, why not buy the BEST?  
They cost you no more. Don't throw your money away on EXPERIMENTS.

Columbia Bicycles  
take the lead anywhere, because they are properly made and guaranteed. There are none “just as good.”

J. H. NUNNALLY,  
Corner Broad and Marietta Streets.

THE WILLSON WHISKEY CO.,  
WHOLESALE  
41 PEACHTREE ST.  
ATLANTA, GA.  
AGED WHISKIES A SPECIALTY.  
HARRY HILL, Sec'y.

## EISEMAN BROS



## SPRING CLOTHING

THE NEW STYLES SALUTE YOU! Every prevailing novelty is now in stock. Never before have qualities have been so high and prices so low.

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